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Processed (11-95) Accorded for use discuss 10/31/99, OUR 0551-0031 Peters and Tracement Officer U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COLMERCE Peter APPLICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.14(a)

REQUEST FOR ACCESS OF ABANDONED APPLICATION UNDER STORM IN-14.57					
- NEGOTO:			In re Appucation of		
			HALLENBECK et al.		
	RECEIVED]-	Application Number Filed 6-07-95		
	SEP 2 1 2001		Group Art Unit E-aminer		
	File Information Unit		422		
			Paper No. #22		
Assistant Washingto	Commissioner for Patents on, DC 20231				
I hereby request access under 37 CFR 1.14(a)(3)(iv) to the application file record of the above- identified ABANDONED application, which is: (CHECK ONE) (A) referred to in United States Patent Number 5998 205 column (B) referred to in an application that is open to public inspection as set form in 37 CFR 1.11, i.e., Application No					
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5,998,205

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United States Patent [19]

Hallenbeck et al.

[11] **Patent Number:**

5,998,205

Date of Patent: [45]

Dec. 7, 1999

[54] VECTORS FOR TISSUE-SPECIFIC REPLICATION

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Yung-Nien Chang. Cockeysville; Yawen L. Chiang. Potomac, all of Md.

[73] Assignee: Genetic Therapy, Inc., Gaithersburg.

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[56]

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PCT Pub. Date: Jun. 6, 1996

Related U.S. Application Data

[63]	Continuation-in-part of application No. 08/487,992, Jun. 7.
	1995, abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of appli-
	cation No. 08/348,258, Nov. 28, 1994, abandoned.

[51]	Int. Cl. ⁶	C12N 15/00
[52]	U.S. Cl	
		5/23.1; 435/69.1; 435/320.1; 435/455

435/325, 455, 69.1; 514/44; 424/93.21; 536/23.1; 935/33, 52, 55, 66

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ABSTRACT [57]

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The invention generally relates to targeted gene therapy using recombinant vectors and particularly adenovirus vectors. The invention specifically relates to replicationconditional vectors and methods for using them. Such vectors are able to selectively replicate in a target tissue to provide a therapeutic benefit from the presence of the vector per se or from heterologous gene products expressed from the vector and distributed throughout the tissue. In such vectors, a gene essential for replication is placed under the control of a heterologous tissue-specific transcriptional regulatory sequence. Thus, replication is conditioned on the presence of a factor(s) that induces transcription or the absence of a factor(s) that ihibits transcription of the gene by means of the transcriptional regulatory sequence with this vector; therefore, a target tissue can be selectively treated.

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